

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : UP2881

Product name : SYSTEM 20 UNIVERSAL CLEARCOAT (4:1)

Other means of

identification

: UP2881; UP2882

Date of issue : 4/16/2025

Version : 1

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.

Uses advised against: Not for sale to or use by consumers.

Supplier's details : U-POL CANADA LIMITED

P.O. BOX 48600

VANCOUVER, BC V7X 1T2

1-800-424-9300

technicalsupport@u-pol.com

Product information : (855) 6-AXALTA

Emergency telephone

number

: CHEMTREC: +44 (0) 870 8200418 (24 hrs)

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard statements

: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response

: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: None known.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name and Synonyms	CAS number	% (w/w)
n-butyl acetate	BUTYL ACETATE	CAS: 123-86-4	≥10 - ≤30
4-methylpentan-2-one	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	CAS: 108-10-1	≥10 - ≤30
XYLENE	XYLENE	CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤30
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	≥1 - ≤5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	CAS: 108-65-6	≥1 - ≤5
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE	REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE	CAS:	≥1 - ≤5
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropyl]- ω -hydroxy-	POLY(OXY-1,2-ETHANEDIYL),. ALPHA[3-[3-(2H- BENZOTRIAZOL-2-YL)-5- (1,1-DIMETHYLETHYL) -4-HYDROXY PHENYL	CAS: 104810-48-2	≥0.1 - ≤1
ULTRAVIOLET ABSORBER	ULTRAVIOLET ABSORBER	CAS: 104810-47-1	≥0.1 - ≤1
BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL- 4-PIPERIDINYL) SEBACATE	BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL- 4-PIPERIDINYL) SEBACATE	CAS: 41556-26-7	≥0.1 - ≤1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are required to be classified as hazardous to health or the environment under the reporting requirements for this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Storage code : IA

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

n-butyl acetate

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [butyl acetate, all isomers]

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

[butyl acetates, all isomers]

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

[butyl acetates]

STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³. OEL 8 hours: 150 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 713 mg/m³.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

4/2024) Carc 2B. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 75 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 205 mg/m3. OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 307 mg/m³.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Xylene]

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [xylene (o, m & p isomers)]

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Xylene]

TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

[Dimethylbenzene] OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.

4-methylpentan-2-one

XYLENE

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ethylbenzene

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m³.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

4/2024) Carc 2B. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

C3.

TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should

be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Other skin protection

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Clear.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Technically not possible to measure **Boiling point** : 114 to 142°C (237.2 to 287.6°F)

Freezing point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 14°C (57.2°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 1% Upper: 8%

Vapor pressure : 0.91 kPa (6.8 mm Hg)

Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : 333°C (631.4°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 1.8 mm²/s (1.8 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

4-methylpentan-2-one

XYLENE

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result

n-butyl acetate Rat - Oral - LD50

10768 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver -

Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>17600 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

21.1 mg/l [4 hours] **Rat - Oral - LD50**

2080 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

16.4 mg/l [4 hours] **Rat - Oral - LD50**

4300 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and

Bladder - Other changes Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

ethylbenzene 5000 ppm [4 hours] Rat - Oral - LD50

3500 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and

Bladder - Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5000 mg/kg

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Rat - Oral - LD50 8532 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-

XYLENE AND PXYLENE

Rat - Male, Female - Oral - LD50

3523 mg/kg EU B.1

Rabbit - Male - Dermal - LD50

12126 mg/kg EU B.1

Rat - Male - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

Section 11. Toxicological information

6350 ppm [4 hours]

EU B.2

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

4-methylpentan-2-one Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

XYLENE Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 8 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 60 uL **Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant**

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg **Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant** <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 100 %

ethylbenzene Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-

XYLENE AND PXYLENE

Rabbit - Skin - Irritant

EU B.4

Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours

Observation period: 7 days

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

4-methylpentan-2-one Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 100 uL **Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant** Amount/concentration applied: 40 mg

XYLENE Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
4-methylpentan-2-one	2B	-	A3
XYLENE	3	-	A4
ethylbenzene	2B	-	A3

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

n-butyl acetate SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

4-methylpentan-2-one SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

XYLENE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, MSPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

XYLENE AND PXYLENE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

ethylbenzene SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

XYLENE AND PXYLENE EXPOSURE) - Category 2

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name Resul

XYLENE ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M- ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

XYLENE AND PXYLENE

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
U-POL UNIVERSAL CLEAR 4:1NR (OPTS88D)	7659.1	7285.5	39045.9	63.3	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	16.4	N/A
XYLENE	4300	1100	5000	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M- XYLENE AND PXYLENE	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

TDG Classification

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

DOT Classification

Reportable quantity 780.92 lbs / 354.54 kg [100.71 gal / 381.22 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: butyl acetate (all isomers); methyl isobutyl

ketone; xylene (all isomers); ethylbenzene; propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.

Inventory list

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.
United States : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of issue : 4/16/2025

Version : 1

Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Date of issue : 4/16/2025 Version : 1 16/17

Section 16. Other information

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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