

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification					
Product identifier	: UP2276				
Product name	: SYSTEM 20 HIGH BUILD PRIMER WHITE (4:1)				
Other means of identification	: UP2276; UP2277				
Date of issue	: 4/16/2025				
Version	: 1				
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against					
Identified uses	: Coating component.				
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.				
Supplier's details Product information	: U-POL US Inc. 50 Applied Bank Blvd. Suite 300 Glen Mills, Pennsylvania 19342 T (610) 746 7081 technicalsupport@u-pol.com Test Info Phone				
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC: +44 (0) 870 8200418 (24 hrs)				

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H350 - May cause cancer.

#### H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P233 - Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : I	Mixture		
n-butyl acetate		CAS: 123-86-4	≤10
XYLENE		CAS: 1330-20-7	≤9.6
titanium dioxide		CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBEN AND PXYLENE	IZENE, M-XYLENE	CAS:	≤5
ethylbenzene		CAS: 100-41-4	≤3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light a	aromatic	CAS: 64742-95-6	≤2.1
Quartz		CAS: 14808-60-7	<1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are required to be classified as hazardous to health or the environment under the reporting requirements for this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

#### Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/sympt</u>	oms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	

Specific treatments
 No specific treatment.
 Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Storage code	: IA

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

n-butyl acetate

#### NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)

TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl acetates] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. **XYLENE** CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [xylene] STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. C: 300 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [pxylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. titanium dioxide NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) NIA. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Ti). Form: respirable fraction. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Ti). Form: total dust. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Total dust. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Total dust. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles. REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE. M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE None. ethylbenzene NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 130 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 22 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 ma/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant.

Version: 1

#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic None. Quartz CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016) TWA 8 hours: 30 / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Total dust. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Silica, crystalline] TWA 8 hours: 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable dust. : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or Appropriate engineering controls other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure Environmental exposure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. **Skin protection** Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different alove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being **Body protection** performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. **Respiratory protection** Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

, appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	White.	
Odor	Not available.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point	Technically not possible to measure	
Boiling point	125 to 200°C (257 to 392°F)	
Flash point	Closed cup: 22°C (71.6°F)	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Lower: 1% Upper: 7.5%	
Vapor pressure	0.27 kPa (2 mm Hg)	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Density	1.673 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Partition coefficient: n-	Not applicable.	
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	280°C (536°F)	
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 419.2 mm²/s (419.2 cSt)	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Product/ingredient name

Result

n-butyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50
	10768 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver -
	Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>17600 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	21.1 mg/l [4 hours]
XYLENE	Rat - Oral - LD50
	4300 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -
	Other changes
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.
	5000 ppm [4 hours]
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-	Rat - Male, Female - Oral - LD50
XYLENE AND PXYLENE	3523 mg/kg
	EU B.1
	Rabbit - Male - Dermal - LD50
	12126 mg/kg
	EU B.1
	Rat - Male - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	6350 ppm [4 hours]
a thu dha waxa na	EU B.2
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50
	3500 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>5000 mg/kg
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Rat - Oral - LD50
solvent haphtila (perioleun), light alomatic	8400 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other
	changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	3492 mg/kg
Quartz	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists
	12.6 mg/l [4 hours]
	· _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not availal	blo
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
XYLENE	Rat - Skin - Mild irritant
ATEENE	Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 %
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-	Rabbit - Skin - Irritant

XYLENE AND PXYLENE	EU B.4 Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours
athylhanzana	<u>Observation period</u> : 7 days <b>Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant</b>
ethylbenzene	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg
	ů
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
XYLENE	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg
	<u></u>
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory corrosion/irritation	
Not available.	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summony [Droduct]	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Not available.	
Skin	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	
Respiratory	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	· Not available
	. Not available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
<u>Classification</u>	

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
XYLENE	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Quartz	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

#### Product/ingredient name Result SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) n-butyl acetate (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 **XYLENE** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) XYLENE AND PXYLENE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Result

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-<br/>XYLENE AND PXYLENE<br/>ethylbenzeneSPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED<br/>EXPOSURE) - Category 2<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED<br/>EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Quartz

#### Aspiration hazard

#### Product/ingredient name

XYLENE REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE ethylbenzene solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

#### EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
: No specific data.
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
: No specific data.
cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
: Not available.
: Not available.

: Not available.

effects Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Result

Not available.

Long term exposure Potential immediate

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
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General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
U-POL PRIMER FILLER WHITE (OPTS25W) n-butyl acetate XYLENE REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M- XYLENE AND PXYLENE	26952.6 10768 4300 3523	9555.7 N/A 1100 1100	87434.3 N/A 5000 N/A	174.1 21.1 N/A 11	N/A N/A N/A N/A
ethylbenzene solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	3500 8400	N/A 3492	N/A N/A	11 N/A	N/A N/A

Quartz

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

A

12.6

### Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	-				-
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3 (****	3
Packing group	11	П	П	11	П
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

#### Additional information

DOT Classification	: <u>Reportable quantity</u> 1748.7 lbs / 793.9 kg [125.36 gal / 474.54 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	<ul> <li>Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).</li> </ul>
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg.

# Section 14. Transport information

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ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
<u>SARA 304 RQ</u>	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
SARA 311/312	
Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1330-20-7 7779-90-0 100-41-4	≤9.6 ≤5 ≤3
Supplier notification	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1330-20-7 7779-90-0 100-41-4	≤9.6 ≤5 ≤3

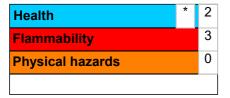
SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### Inventory list

United States : No	t determined.
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### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### <u>History</u>

Date of issue	: 4/16/2025
Version	: 1
	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### **V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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# Section 16. Other information

information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

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