

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification	
Product identifier	: UP6301
Product name	: RAPID SYSTEM PRIMER (4:1)
Other means of identification	: UP6301; UP6303
Date of issue	: 4/16/2025
Version	: 1
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Coating component.
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.
Supplier's details Product information	: U-POL US Inc. 50 Applied Bank Blvd. Suite 300 Glen Mills, Pennsylvania 19342 T (610) 746 7081 technicalsupport@u-pol.com Test Info Phone
Product mormation	
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC: +44 (0) 870 8200418 (24 hrs)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H350 - May cause cancer. H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
	P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
	P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
	P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture		
n-butyl acetate		CAS: 123-86-4	≥10 - <20
titanium dioxide		CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10
XYLENE		CAS: 1330-20-7	≤3
4-methylpentan-2-one		CAS: 108-10-1	≤3
ethylbenzene		CAS: 100-41-4	<1
Quartz		CAS: 14808-60-7	<1
dibutyltin dilaurate		CAS: 77-58-7	≤0.3
carbon black, non respirable		CAS: 1333-86-4	≤0.3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are required to be classified as hazardous to health or the environment under the reporting requirements for this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact
- : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/ef	fects acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate
	waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Storage code	: IA

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

n-butyl acetate

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)

TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³. **CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)** STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m³.

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	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl acetates] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
titanium dioxide	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) NIA. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Ti). Form: respirable fraction. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³ (as Ti). Form: total dust. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.
XYLENE	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	[xylene] STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. C: 300 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
4-methylpentan-2-one	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 205 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m ³ . CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 205 mg/m ³ .

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 410 mg/m³. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 205 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) ethylbenzene TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 130 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 22 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Quartz CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016) TWA 8 hours: 30 / (%SjO₂+2) mg/m³. Form: Total dust. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Silica, crystalline] TWA 8 hours: 50 µg/m³. Form: Respirable dust. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [tin dibutyltin dilaurate organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA 10 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn). CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [tin, organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³ (as Sn). TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn). OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Tin, organic compounds] TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Tin, organic compounds (as Sn)] Absorbed through skin.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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carbon black, non respirable	 TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (measured as Sn). Form: Organic. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Tin, organic compounds] A4. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn). STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³ (as Sn). NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) NIA. TWA 10 hours: 3.5 mg/m³. TWA 10 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as cyclohexane-extractable fraction). CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m³. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m³. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. 	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Gray.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Technically not possible to measure
Boiling point	:	125 to 200°C (257 to 392°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 14°C (57.2°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 1.2% Upper: 7.6%
Vapor pressure	:	0.27 kPa (2 mm Hg)
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Density	:	1.737 g/cm³
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	415°C (779°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition
products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should
not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	
Product/ingredient name	Result
n-butyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50
······	10768 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver -
	Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>17600 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	21.1 mg/l [4 hours]
XYLENE	Rat - Oral - LD50
	4300 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -
	Other changes
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.
1 mathulaantan 2 ana	5000 ppm [4 hours] Rat - Oral - LD50
4-methylpentan-2-one	
	2080 mg/kg Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	16.4 mg/l [4 hours]
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50
	3500 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -
	Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>5000 mg/kg
Quartz	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists
	12.6 mg/l [4 hours]
dibutyltin dilaurate	Rat - Male, Female - Oral - LD50
	2071 mg/kg
	OECD 401
carbon black, non respirable	Rat - Oral - LD50
	>15400 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity)
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not availa	adie.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
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Rat - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL
Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 100 %
Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
<u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 500 mg Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg
Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
: Not available.
Result
Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg
Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL
Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 40 mg
Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 100 mg
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
XYLENE	-	3	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Quartz	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
carbon black, non respirable	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
n-butyl acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
XYLENE	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
4-methylpentan-2-one	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
dibutyltin dilaurate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
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Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Quartz	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
dibutyltin dilaurate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Aspiration hazard	
Product/ingredient name	Result
	Vanian A

XYLENE ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	

Potential chronic health effects

Result

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Pro	duct] : Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
RAPID AIR DRY PRIMER (OPTADPPU)	74030.5	52235.0	237431.9	915.7	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A
XYLENE	4300	1100	5000	N/A	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	16.4	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Quartz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.6
dibutyltin dilaurate	2071	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3

Section 14. Transport information

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Packing group	Ш		II	11	II	II	
Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	
Additional inform	nation		1	L. L	I	1	
DOT Classifica	tion	shi	pped in quantitie		duct reportable quant	241.2 L]. Package size ity are not subject to th	
TDG Classificat				as per the following s: 2.18-2.19 (Class		sportation of Dangerous	5
Special precautio	ons for user	upi		. Ensure that perso		osed containers that are roduct know what to do	
Transport in bulk to IMO instrumer	•	: No	t available.				

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
<u>SARA 304 RQ</u>	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
SARA 311/312	
Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

<u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	XYLENE	1330-20-7	≤3
	4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	≤3
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<1
Supplier notification	XYLENE	1330-20-7	≤3
	4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	≤3
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Inventory list

Canada

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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<u>Instory</u>	
Date of issue	: 4/16/2025
Version	: 1
	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

History

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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Users of Axalta products should read all relevant product information prior to use, and make their own

Section 16. Other information

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