

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification		
Product identifier	: UP0892	
Product name	: NEW ECOAT AEROSOL LIGHT GREEN (OALNECLG)	
Date of issue	: 5/13/2025	
Version	: 1	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Coating component.	
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.	
Supplier's details	: U-POL US Inc. 50 Applied Bank Blvd. Suite 300 Glen Mills, Pennsylvania 19342 T (610) 746 7081 technicalsupport@u-pol.com	
Product information	Test Info Phone	
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC: +44 (0) 870 8200418 (24 hrs)	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2</li> </ul>
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

: Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H370 - Causes damage to organs.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P311 - IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.</li> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> </ul>
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture		
methyl acetate		CAS: 79-20-9	≥25 - ≤50
XYLENE		CAS: 1330-20-7	≤10
n-butyl acetate		CAS: 123-86-4	≤10
titanium dioxide		CAS: 13463-67-7	≤3
ethylbenzene		CAS: 100-41-4	≤3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are required to be classified as hazardous to health or the environment under the reporting requirements for this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effec	ts	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5 Fire-fighting measures

Section 5. File-lighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental
	pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

	spark-proof tools and lace in an appropriate osal contractor.
Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use a explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prowater courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages in plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste dis Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material may place in container for dis regulations.	event entry into sewers, nto an effluent treatment posal contractor. s the spilled product. aterial e.g. sand, earth,

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Storage code	:	IB

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) methyl acetate TWA 10 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 610 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 760 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 760 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 610 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 610 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 610 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 760 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. **XYLENE** CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [xylene] STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. C: 300 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [pxylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) n-butyl acetate TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection		
	TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)</b> TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl</b> <b>acetates]</b> STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.	
titanium dioxide	<ul> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) NIA.</li> <li>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Ti). Form:</li> <li>respirable fraction.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³ (as Ti). Form: total dust.</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.</li> <li>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles.</li> </ul>	
ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)</li> <li>TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm.</li> <li>TWA 10 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 22 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm.</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 125 ppm.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.</li> <li>CGHA PEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>MCGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3.</li> <li>Ototoxicant.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</li> </ul>	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Green.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Technically not possible to measure
Boiling point	: Not applicable.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -41°C (-41.8°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1.2% Upper: 26.2%
Vapor pressure	: 212.6 kPa (1594.5 mm Hg)
Vapor density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.82 g/cm <sup>3</sup>

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	333°C (631.4°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray
Heat of combustion	:	24.09 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	
Product/ingredient name	Result
methyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50
	>5 g/kg <b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b>
	>5 g/kg
XYLENE	Rat - Oral - LD50
	4300 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.
	5000 ppm [4 hours]
n-butyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50
	10768 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver - Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>17600 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	21.1 mg/l [4 hours]
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50
	3500 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

	>5000 mg/kg
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
methyl acetate	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
XYLENE	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg <b>Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant</b> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg <b>Rat - Skin - Mild irritant</b> Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
	<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 500 mg <b>Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant</b> <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 100 %
ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
-	<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 15 mg
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
methyl acetate	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
XYLENE	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory corrosion/irritation Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Not available.	
Skin	

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u> Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity Not available.	

#### **Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
XYLENE	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name methyl acetate XYLENE	<b>Result</b> SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET OPCAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
n-butyl acetate Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Product/ingredient name ethylbenzene	Result SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Aspiration hazard	
<b>Product/ingredient name</b> XYLENE ethylbenzene	<b>Result</b> ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effec	ts
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the ph	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
	Result
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Pro	oduct] : Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

	-
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of
	exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
NEW ECOAT AEROSOL LIGHT GREEN (OALNECLG)	59092.0	19769.0	89858.9	789.1	N/A
XYLENE n-butyl acetate	4300 10768	1100 N/A	5000 N/A	N/A 21.1	N/A N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-

Section 14. Transport information						
Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional inform	nation		<b>I</b>	ŀ		ŀ
DOT Classificat	ion	shi	oped in quantit		duct reportable quan	95.02 L]. Package sizes tity are not subject to the RC
TDG Classificat	ion			as per the following s: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2		sportation of Dangerous
Special precautio	ns for user	upr		e. Ensure that perso		osed containers that are roduct know what to do in th
Transport in bulk	according	: No	available.			

#### to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
<u>SARA 304 RQ</u>	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements			≤10 ≤3
Supplier notification			≤10 ≤3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **Inventory list**

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Canada

: At least one component is not listed.

**United States** 

: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### <u>History</u>

Date of issue Version	: 5/13/2025 : 1
Voloion	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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### Section 16. Other information

Users of Axalta products should read all relevant product information prior to use, and make their own determination as to the suitability of the products for their intended use. Except as otherwise required by applicable law, AXALTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

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