

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product identifier : GLSFF/1
Product name : ISOPON GLASS FIBRE FILLER 560ML
Product type : Solid.
Other means of identification : Not available.
Date of issue/ Date of revision : 19 June 2025
Version : 1
Date of previous issue : No previous validation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Putty.
Uses advised against : Not for sale to or use by consumers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

U-POL Limited
 Denington Road
 Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, NN8 2QH
 +44 (0) 1933 230310
 technicalsupport@u-pol.com
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : sds-competence@axalta.com
 U-POL Netherlands
 B.V. Hoorgoorddreef 15
 Amsterdam, Netherlands 1101BA
 +31 20 240 2216
 technicalsupport@u-pol.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture
Classification according to UK CLP/GHS
 Acute Tox. 4, H332
 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
 Repr. 2, H361d
 STOT SE 3, H335
 STOT RE 1, H372

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements**Hazard pictograms**

:

**Signal word**

: Danger

Contains

: styrene

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Hazard statements

: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements**Prevention**

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage

: Not applicable.

Disposal

: Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements

: EUH205 - Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 - Contains phthalic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards**Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII**

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

The mixture may be a skin sensitiser. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2 Mixtures**

: Mixture

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
styrene	REACH #: 01-2119457861-32 EC: 202-851-5 CAS: 100-42-5 Index: 601-026-00-0	≥10 - ≤21	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119539452-40 EC: 905-588-0	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3	<1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
phthalic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119457017-41 EC: 201-607-5 CAS: 85-44-9	≤0.2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
1,4-naphthoquinone	EC: 204-977-6 CAS: 130-15-4	<0.1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 1, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- | | |
|---------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations |

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.
Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.
Comply with the health and safety at work laws.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
Information on fire and explosion protection
Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.
Notes on joint storage
Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Additional information on storage conditions
Observe label precautions. Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 25°C (41 to 77°F). Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

<u>Occupational exposure limits</u>	
styrene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 430 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1080 mg/m³.
phthalic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Inhalation sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 12 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 4 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result
styrene	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 7.7 µg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 1 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 1 mg/m³

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	<u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 10 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 10 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 85 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 100 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 100 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 100 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 343 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 406 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 212 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 221 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Systemic
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 0.75 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 4.93 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Systemic
phthalic anhydride	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 8.7 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Systemic DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 14 mg/kg bw/day

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 49.4 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic
1,4-naphthoquinone	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 0.0329 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic
PNECs	
Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Fresh water 0.327 mg/l
	Marine water 0.327 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant 6.58 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment 12.46 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment 12.46 mg/kg dwt
	Soil 2.31 mg/kg
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Fresh water 0.006 mg/l
	Marine water 0.001 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant 10 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment 0.341 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment 0.034 mg/kg dwt
	Soil 0.065 mg/kg dwt
phthalic anhydride	Fresh water 1 mg/l
	Marine water 0.1 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant 10 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment 3.8 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment 0.38 mg/kg

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

1,4-naphthoquinone

Fresh water - Assessment Factors

26.1 ng/l

Marine water - Assessment Factors

2.61 ng/l

Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors

0.172 mg/l

Fresh water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning

321 ng/kg dwt

Sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning

32.1 ng/kg dwt

Soil - Equilibrium Partitioning

49 ng/kg dwt

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection**Hand protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

- : Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour,
Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374)
Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least 0.5 mm, (EN374)

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

Expert judgment

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

- : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
- Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

- Physical state** : Solid.
- Colour** : Yellow.
- Odour** : Aromatic.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Technically not possible to measure
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not applicable.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Not applicable.
- Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 32°C (89.6°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]
- Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.
- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Miscible with water** : No.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** : 0.19 kPa (1.4 mm Hg)
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Density** : 1.45 g/cm³
- Vapour density** : Not applicable.
- Explosive properties** : Not available.
- Oxidising properties** : Not available.
- Weight volatiles** : 21.8 % (w/w)
- VOC content** : 21.8 % (w/w) (2010/75/EU)

9.2 Other information**9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

Further information Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : No.

Further information Not available.

room temperature (=20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
styrene	Rat - Oral - LD50 2650 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Liver - Other changes Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 11800 mg/m³ [4 hours] Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. 2770 ppm [4 hours]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50 3523 to 4000 mg/kg Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 121236 mg/kg Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 6350 to 6700 ppm [4 hours]
phthalic anhydride	Rat - Oral - LD50 1530 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity)
1,4-naphthoquinone	Rat - Oral - LD50 190 mg/kg

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Gross Metabolite Changes - Weight loss or decreased weight gain

Rat - Male, Female - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists
0.046 mg/l [4 hours]
OECD [Acute Inhalation Toxicity]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
mixture	N/A	42201.2	14646.7	54.4	N/A
styrene	2650	N/A	2770	11.8	N/A
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
phthalic anhydride	1530	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,4-naphthoquinone	190	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.046

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

styrene

Result

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 500 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg

1,4-naphthoquinone

Rabbit - Skin - Visible necrosis
Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours
Observation period: 1 hours

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

styrene

Result

Human - Eyes - Mild irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 50 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

phthalic anhydride

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritantDuration of treatment/exposure: 24 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 50 mg**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.**Respiratory corrosion/irritation**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.**Respiratory or skin sensitization****Product/ingredient name**

1,4-naphthoquinone

Result**Guinea pig - skin**Result: Sensitising**Skin****Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.**Respiratory****Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.**Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.**Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)****Product/ingredient name**

styrene

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

phthalic anhydride

1,4-naphthoquinone

Result

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**Product/ingredient name**

styrene

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Result

STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing organs)

STOT RE 2, H373

Aspiration hazard

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result
styrene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity	
Product/ingredient name	Result
styrene	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water US EPA Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Age: ≤24 hours 23 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i> 33 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute - LC50 OECD 203 Fish - Trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> 2.6 mg/l [96 hours] Acute - LC50 OECD 202 Daphnia - Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> 1 mg/l [24 hours] Acute - EC50 OECD 201 Algae - Algae - <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> 2.2 mg/l [73 hours] Chronic - NOEC OECD 301F Micro-organism - Activated sludge - <i>Activated sludge</i> 16 mg/l [28 days]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	LC50 Fish 2 mg/l [96 hours] EC50 Daphnia 1.8 mg/l [48 hours] EC50 Algae 11 mg/l [72 hours]
1,4-naphthoquinone	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water OECD 203 Fish - <i>Medaka</i> 0.0448 mg/l [96 hours] Acute - EC50 OECD 202 Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> 0.026 mg/l [48 hours] EC50 - Fresh water OECD 201 Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> 0.42 mg/l [72 hours] NOEC - Fresh water

SECTION 12: Ecological information

OECD

Algae - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*

0.0697 mg/l [72 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Product/ingredient name**

1,4-naphthoquinone

Result

OECD 301F

0% [28 days] - Not readily

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1,4-naphthoquinone	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
styrene	2.96	13.49	Low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.16	-	Low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low
phthalic anhydride	1.6	3.4	Low
1,4-naphthoquinone	1.71	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil**Soil/water partition coefficient** : Not available.**Mobility** : Not available.**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
styrene	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
phthalic anhydride	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
1,4-naphthoquinone	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue
	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****UK (GB)/REACH****Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation****Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes

International regulations**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

SECTION 16: Other information**Procedure used to derive the classification**

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361d	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 1	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 1
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Notice to reader

ISOPON GLASS FIBRE FILLER 560ML

SECTION 16: Other information

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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