

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product identifier : Z182/AL

Product name : ISOPON ZINC 182 RUST INHIBITING PRIMER AEROSOL

Product type : Aerosol. Other means of : Not available.

identification

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 19 June 2025

Version

Date of previous issue No previous validation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.

Uses advised against : Not for sale to or use by consumers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

U-POL Limited Denington Road Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, NN8 2QH +44 (0) 1933 230310

technicalsupport@u-pol.com

e-mail address of person : sds-competence@axalta.com

responsible for this SDS

U-POL Netherlands B.V. Hoorgoorddreef 15 Amsterdam, Netherlands 1101BA +31 20 240 2216 technicalsupport@u-pol.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 **STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373** Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger
Contains : acetone

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Hazard statements : H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if

heated.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage : P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C/122 °F.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Supplemental label

elements

articles

: EUH208 - Contains dipentene. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
dimethyl ether	REACH #: 01-2119472128-37 EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6 Index: 603-019-00-8	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	[1] [2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119539452-40 EC: 905-588-0	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119471843-32 EC: 927-241-2 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH066	[1]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤2	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
dipentene	EC: 205-341-0 CAS: 138-86-3 Index: 601-029-00-7	≤0.4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the

information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150 tonnes	500 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

dimethyl ether EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)

STEL 15 minutes: 958 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 766 mg/m³.

acetone EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)

STEL 15 minutes: 3620 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1210 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name Result

dimethyl ether DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

471 mg/m³
<u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1894 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

acetone DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

500 ppm

Effects: Systemic

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

186 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1210 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

2420 mg/m³ Effects: Local

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

212 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

221 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

272 ppm

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

300 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

640 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

837.5 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1066.67 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

1152 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1286.4 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name Result

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

acetone Fresh water

10.6 mg/l

Marine water sediment

1.06 mg/l

Sediment 30.4 mg/kg

Marine water sediment

3.04 mg/kg

Soil

29.5 mg/kg

Sewage Treatment Plant

100 mg/l

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Fresh water

0.327 mg/l

Marine water 0.327 mg/l

Sewage Treatment Plant

6.58 mg/l

Fresh water sediment

12.46 mg/kg dwt

Marine water sediment

12.46 mg/kg dwt

Soil

2.31 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

occurred.

Gloves : Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour,

Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least

0.2 mm, (EN374)

Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least

0.5 mm, (EN374)

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this

product is based on information from the following source:

Expert judgment

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of

use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-

temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use

appropriate, certified respirators.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable

respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Grey.

Odour threshold : Not available.

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point: Technically not possible to measure

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or : Lower: 1%

explosive limits

: Lower: 1% Upper: 26.2%

Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: -41°C (-41.8°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 280°C (536°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not applicable.

pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water : Yes.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

: 159.7 kPa (1197.9 mm Hg) Vapour pressure

Relative density : Not available. : 0.867 g/cm³ Density Vapour density : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available. Weight volatiles : 75.8 % (w/w)

VOC content : 75.8 % (w/w) (2010/75/EU)

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Heat of combustion : 23.37 kJ/g

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Further information Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : Yes.

Further information Not available.

room temperature (=20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). 10.2 Chemical stability

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide,

carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

dimethyl ether Rat - Oral - LD50

>99999 mg/kg

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>99999 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

309 g/m³ [4 hours]

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

164000 ppm [4 hours]

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Ataxia Behavioral - Coma

acetone Rat - Oral - LD50

5800 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including

change in righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

2001 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

21 mg/l [4 hours]

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Rat - Oral - LD50

3523 to 4000 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

121236 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

6350 to 6700 ppm [4 hours]

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Rat - Oral - LD50

>6 g/kg

dipentene Rat - Oral - LD50

5300 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
mixture	N/A	7530.0	N/A	75.3	N/A
dimethyl ether	N/A	N/A	164000	309	N/A
acetone	5800	2001	N/A	21	N/A
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
dipentene	5300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

acetone Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

acetone Human - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours

<u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 20 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

acetone STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene STOT RE 2, H373

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name Result

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

acetone

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna

10 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa

4.95 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction

Acute - EC50 - Marine water

Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa

20.565 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Daphnia - Daphniidae

0.016 ml/l [21 days] Effect: Population

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Guppy - Poecilia reticulata

Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm; Weight: 0.5 to 14 g

5600 ppm [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Acute - LC50

OECD 203

Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss

2.6 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - LC50

OECD 202

Daphnia - Daphnia magna

1 mg/l [24 hours]

Acute - EC50

OECD 201

Algae - Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum

2.2 mg/l [73 hours]

Chronic - NOEC

OECD 301F

Micro-organism - Activated sludge - Activated sludge

16 mg/l [28 days]

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

OECD [Fish, Acute Toxicity Test]

Fish

10 to 30 mg/l [96 hours]

dipentene Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

ASTM

Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile

(Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)

Age: 31 days; Size: 15.4 mm; Weight: 0.049 g

20.2 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Behavior

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

ASTM

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna

Age: <24 hours 28.2 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication

Acute - IC50 - Fresh water

ASTM

Algae - Green algae - Selenastrum capricornutum

13.798 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0.07	-	Low
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.16	-	Low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
dipentene	4.57	-	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient

Mobility

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vΡ	vB
dimethyl ether	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
acetone	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dipentene	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		Waste catalogue
	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2	2	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

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SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID : Tunnel code (D)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

transported in tank vessels.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P3a

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IMO = International Maritime Organization

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aerosol 1 AEROSOLS - Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Gas 1A FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Press. Gas (Comp.) GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Notice to reader

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