### SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product identifier : UP4883

Product name : RAPTOR 2K PROTECTIVE COATING BLACK AEROSOL

**Date of issue** : 6/19/2025

Version : 1

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Not available.

**Uses advised against** : Not for sale to or use by consumers.

Supplier's details : U-POL US Inc.

50 Applied Bank Blvd.

Suite 300

Glen Mills, Pennsylvania 19342

T (610) 746 7081

technicalsupport@u-pol.com

**Product information** (855) 6-AXALTA

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: CHEMTREC: +44 (0) 870 8200418 (24 hrs)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : AEROSOLS - Category 1

substance or mixture EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

**Response**: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122

°F/50 °C.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	CAS: 28182-81-2	≥5 - ≤10
acetone	CAS: 67-64-1	≥5 - ≤10
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4	≥1 - ≤5
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE	CAS:	≥1 - ≤5
XYLENE	CAS: 1330-20-7	≥0.5 - ≤1.5
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	CAS: 1065336-91-5	≥0.1 - ≤1
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	≥0.1 - ≤1
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) -5- (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropyl]- $\omega$ -hydroxy-	CAS: 104810-48-2	≥0.1 - ≤1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are required to be classified as hazardous to health or the environment under the reporting requirements for this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eve contact : Immediately flus

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may

need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed

and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Storage code

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers acetone

n-butyl acetate

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE XYLENE

None.

### NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)

TWA 10 hours: 250 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

STEL 15 minutes: 1780 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm.

C: 3000 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm.

### OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)

TWA 8 hours: 750 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1800 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 2400 mg/m³.

### ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4.

TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm.

#### NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)

TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³.

### CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.

#### OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m³.

### OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)

TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³.

### ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl

acetates1

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

# CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

[xylene]

None.

STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. C: 300 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes]

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)

[Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)]

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m³.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]

A4. Ototoxicant.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate ethylbenzene

None.

#### NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)

TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.

### CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

STEL 15 minutes: 130 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 22 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm.

#### OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3.

Ototoxicant.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropyl]- $\omega$  -hydroxy-

None.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Black.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.

**Melting point** : Technically not possible to measure

Boiling point : Not applicable.

Flash point : Closed cup: -4°C (24.8°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : 146.7 kPa (1100.7 mm Hg)

Vapor density: Not available.Density: 0.947 g/cm³Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

octanol/water

Date of issue : 6/19/2025 Version : 1 8/17

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 333°C (631.4°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

**Aerosol product** 

**Type of aerosol** : Spray **Heat of combustion** : 12.82 kJ/g

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

n-butyl acetate

acetone

Product/ingredient name Result

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

18500 mg/m³ [1 hours] **Rat - Oral - LD50** 

5800 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in

righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

2001 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

21 mg/l [4 hours] **Rat - Oral - LD50** 10768 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver -

Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>17600 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

21.1 mg/l [4 hours]

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE

Rat - Male, Female - Oral - LD50
3523 mg/kg

3523 mg/kg EU B.1

Rabbit - Male - Dermal - LD50

12126 mg/kg EU B.1

Rat - Male - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

Date of issue : 6/19/2025 Version : 1 9/17

6350 ppm [4 hours]

EU B.2

**XYLENE** Rat - Oral - LD50

4300 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -

Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

5000 ppm [4 hours]

decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis

Rat - Male, Female - Oral - LD50

(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-

4-piperidinyl) decanedioate

3230 mg/kg OECD [Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method]

Rat - Male, Female - Dermal - LD50

>3170 mg/kg

OECD [Acute Dermal Toxicity]

ethylbenzene Rat - Oral - LD50

3500 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -

Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5000 mg/kg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant acetone

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Irritant REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-

XYLENE AND PXYLENE

EU B.4

Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours

Observation period: 7 days

**XYLENE** Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant ethylbenzene

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

: Not available. **Conclusion/Summary [Product]** 

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

Date of issue: 6/19/2025 Version: 1 10/17

acetone Human - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

XYLENE Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 5 mg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name Result

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers Mouse - skin

OECD [Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay]

Result: Sensitizing

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** 

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Classification

Date of issue : 6/19/2025 Version : 1 11/17

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
XYLENE	-	3	-	ĺ
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-	ĺ

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) acetone

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) n-butyl acetate

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-

XYLENE AND PXYLENE

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) **XYLENE** 

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-

XYLENE AND PXYLENE

ethylbenzene

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name Result

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-

XYLENE AND PXYLENE

**XYLENE** 

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Date of issue: 6/19/2025 Version: 1 12/17

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Result

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
RAPTOR 2K BLACK BED LINER AEROSOL	85011.3	12911.6	358038.0	366.7	61.7
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.625
acetone	5800	2001	N/A	21	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M- XYLENE AND PXYLENE	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
XYLENE	4300	1100	5000	N/A	N/A
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	3230	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

### **Additional information**

### **Section 14. Transport information**

DOT Classification : **Reportable quantity** 7160.8 lbs / 3251 kg [906.88 gal / 3432.9 L]. Package sizes

shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ

(reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) **SARA 304 RQ** 

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : AEROSOLS - Category 1

> EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2**

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Fulli K - Kepulling			≥0.5 - ≤1.5 ≥0.1 - ≤1
Supplier nouncation			≥0.5 - ≤1.5 ≥0.1 - ≤1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### **Inventory list**

Canada : Not determined. **United States** : Not determined.

### **Section 16. Other information**

### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

**Date of issue** : 6/19/2025

Version :

Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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### **Section 16. Other information**

information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

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