

AU: ENGLISH

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : REP/AL

Product name : AEROSOL 2K EPOXY GRUNDIERFUELLER

**Other means of** : 1250034088

identification

Date of issue : 19 June 2025

Version : 4

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.

**Uses advised against**: Not for sale to or use by consumers.

Supplier's details : U-POL Australia Pty Limited

55 Leland Street, Penrith, NSW 2750

Australia 02 4731 2655 info@u-pol.com.au

**Product information** : (855) 6-AXALTA

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: Australia (CHEMTREC): + (61) - 290372994

### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classified as HAZARDOUS according to the GHS criteria under Australian Work Health Safety (WHS) Act 2011.

Classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to the Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG).

Classification of the : AEROSOLS - Category 1

substance or mixture SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1** 

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst

if heated.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

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## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Prevention**: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P284 - Wear respiratory protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or

doctor.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C/122 °F.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

## Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
dimethyl ether	30 - <60	115-10-6
acetone	10 - <30	67-64-1
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <10	14807-96-6
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	5 - <10	25068-38-6
titanium dioxide	5 - <10	13463-67-7
xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7
barium sulfate	3 - <5	7727-43-7
butan-1-ol	1 - <3	71-36-3
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <3	107-98-2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - <3	7779-90-0
ethylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before

reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been

swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a

collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: -15 to 40°C (5 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dimethyl ether	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 760 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³.
acetone	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 2375 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1185 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m³.
titanium dioxide	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.
xylene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) [Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)]  STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m³.  STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 350 mg/m³.  TWA 8 hours: 80 ppm.
barium sulfate	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
butan-1-ol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 50 ppm. PEAK: 152 mg/m³.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 553 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 369 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Zinc and its inorganic compounds] Develop C.  PEAK 15 minutes: 0.4 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. Form: respirable fraction.  TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: inhalable fraction.  TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction.  PEAK 15 minutes: 4 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. Form: inhalable fraction.
ethylbenzene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Beige.

Odour : Not available.
Odour threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Melting point** : Technically not possible to measure

Boiling point : Not applicable.

Flash point : Closed cup: -42°C (-43.6°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 2.1% Upper: 18.6%

Vapour pressure : 213.8 kPa (1603.6 mm Hg)

Vapour density : Not available.

Density : 0.884 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 270°C (518°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

**Aerosol product** 

**Type of aerosol** : Spray **Heat of combustion** : 22.49 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**Incompatible materials**: No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Result Product/ingredient name dimethyl ether Rat - Oral - LD50 >99999 mg/kg Rat - Dermal - LD50 >99999 mg/kg Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 309 g/m<sup>3</sup> [4 hours] Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. 164000 ppm [4 hours] Toxic effects: Behavioral - Ataxia Behavioral - Coma acetone Rat - Oral - LD50 5800 mg/kg Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 2001 mg/kg Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 21 mg/l [4 hours] Rat - Oral - LD50 xylene 4300 mg/kg Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. 5000 ppm [4 hours] Rat - Oral - LD50 butan-1-ol 790 mg/kg Toxic effects: Liver - Fatty liver degeneration Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other changes Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 3400 mg/kg Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 24000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> [4 hours] Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 1-methoxy-2-propanol 13 g/kg Rat - Oral - LD50 6600 mg/kg Toxic effects: Brain and Coverings - Other degenerative changes Behavioral - General anesthetic Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea ethylbenzene Rat - Oral - LD50 3500 mg/kg Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >5000 mg/kg

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Product/ingredient name Result

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

acetone Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg reaction product: bisphenol-A-Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 uL Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg Rat - Skin - Mild irritant xylene Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant **Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours** Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 % Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant butan-1-ol **Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours** Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg 1-methoxy-2-propanol Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant ethylbenzene Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

### S

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
acetone	Human - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	<b>Duration of treatment/exposure</b> : 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
reaction product: bisphenol-A-	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
xylene	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg
butan-1-ol	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	<b>Duration of treatment/exposure</b> : 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 0.005 MI
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 1.62 mg
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Cornea opacity

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Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

OECD [Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion]

Observation period: 7 days

Irritation score: 2.11
Not reversible

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

butan-1-ol

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
Product/illuredient name	Resui

acetone SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

xylene SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
1-methoxy-2-propanol SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

#### Product/ingredient name Result

AEROSOL 2K EPOXY GRUNDIERFUELLER SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

**EXPOSURE - Category 2** 

#### **Aspiration hazard**

### Product/ingredient name Result

xylene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

: Not available. Potential delayed effects

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

Acute toxicity estimates

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
dimethyl ether	N/A	N/A	164000	309	N/A
acetone	5800	2001	N/A	21	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	5000	N/A	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name Result acetone Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna 10 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality **Chronic - NOEC - Marine water** Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa 4.95 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction Acute - EC50 - Marine water Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa 20.565 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction **Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water** Crustaceans - Daphnia - Daphniidae 0.016 ml/l [21 days] Effect: Population Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Guppy - Poecilia reticulata Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm; Weight: 0.5 to 14 g 5600 ppm [96 hours] Effect: Mortality titanium dioxide Acute - LC50 - Marine water Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus >1000 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality Acute - LC50 - Fresh water xylene Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas Age: 31 days; Size: 18.4 mm; Weight: 0.077 g 13.4 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality **EC50** Crustaceans - Penaeus monodon 3.82 mg/l [48 hours] barium sulfate Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna 32 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication butan-1-ol Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

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ethylbenzene

## Section 12. Ecological information

Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas

Age: 33 days; Size: 20.6 mm; Weight: 0.119 g

1730 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna

Age: 6 to 24 hours 1983 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication Acute - LC50

**OECD 203** 

Fish - Trout

≥1000 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - LC50

**OECD 202** 

Daphnia - Daphnia >21100 mg/l [48 hours]

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia sp. - Nauplii

Age: 2 to 3

13.3 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata

3600 µg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name Result xylene **OECD 301 F** 90% [28 days]

1-methoxy-2-propanol OECD 301E 96% [28 days]

xyleneReadily1-methoxy-2-propanolReadily	Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1-methoxy-2-propanol - Readily	xylene	-	-	Readily
	1-methoxy-2-propanol	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0.07	-	Low
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
reaction product: bisphenol-	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy			
resin			
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	ADG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

#### Additional information

Hazchem code : Not available.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

### Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

Ingredient name	Schedule
crystalline silica, non-respirable	Restricted hazardous chemical [For abrasive blasting at a concentration of greater than 1%]

## Section 16. Any other relevant information

**History** 

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**Key to abbreviations** : ACGIH = Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health

ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

DFG = Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft, German research funding organization GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MAK value = Maximum Permissible Concentration

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

STEL = Short-Term Exposure Limit TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time-Weighted Average

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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